Numb. CII.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, October 22. to Thurſday, October 29. 1730.

The SPEECH of the HONOURABLE

Patrick Gordon, Eſq;

Lieutenant Governor of the Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent* and *Suſſex* on *Delaware*, and Province of *Pennſylvania*.

To the Repreſentatives *of the ſaid Counties in* General Aſſembly *met*, *at* New-Caſtle, *the* 21*ſt of* October, 1730.

GENTLEMEN,

MY ſteady Endeavours to put in Practice as well his late ſacred Majeſty's Commands to Me, which I mentioned at My firſt Arrival here, as My Inſtructions from our Honourable Proprietors, together with the happy Concurrence of the People in joining with what they manifeſtly ſaw was aimed ſolely at their own Good, have by Divine Providence been bleſſed with ſuch Succeſs, that now on Our annual Meeting, there ſeems little more Incumbent on Me, than to expreſs My Satisfaction in the Opportunity given Me of ſeeing the Repreſentatives of His Majeſty's good Subjects under my Care, convened together; and I hope it proves no leſs agreeable to You, GENTLEMEN, to have the ſame on Your Parts of meeting Me; that We may between Us ſhew that mutual Harmony, which will ever be the happy Reſult of a Diſpoſition in thoſe concerned in the Affairs of Our Government, to diſcharge their reſpective Duties with Loyalty to His Majeſty, Fidelity to Our Proprietors, and with Benevolence and Affection in every Individual towards his Neighbour.

The Continuance of this, GENTLEMEN, I heartily recommend to You, and that if Particulars ſhould yet harbour any Miſunderſtandings or private Uneaſineſſes, they ſhould, from a View of the Lovelineſs of Peace and publick Tranquility, entirely lay them aſide, that We may truly appear to all, what I think We really are, as happy a People among Ourſelves, as any in His Majeſty's Dominions.

GENTLEMEN,

You will now undoubtedly of Courſe, at this Meeting, take into Conſideration what yet remains from former Aſſemblies to be compleated or regulated; and herein, I hope, You will ſhew ſuch Unanimity, and make ſuch Diſpatch, as will fully prove We are all ſenſible of the Bleſſings we enjoy; and on My Part, nothing ſhall be wanting to improve them.

P. GORDON.

To the HONOURABLE

Patrick Gordon, Eſq;

Lieutenant Governor of the Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent* and *Suſſex* on *Delaware*, and Province of *Pennſylvania*.

The Humble ADDRESS of the Repreſentatives *of the Freemen of the ſaid Counties*, *in* General Aſſembly *met*, *at* New-Caſtle *the* 22*d of* October, 1730.

May it pleaſe Your HONOUR,

WE, the Repreſentatives of theſe Counties, do with the greateſt Senſe of Gratitude, return Our ſincere Thanks for Your favourable and kind Speech to Us; and We are extreamly pleaſed that there appears to Your Honour ſo happy a Diſpoſition amongſt the People whom We repreſent, of Peace and Harmony, as that you do not find it neceſſary upon this Occaſion to to do more than expreſs Your Satisfaction in meeting Us at this Time; which next to the Divine Providence ariſes from the happy Effects of Your Honour's mild and prudent Adminiſtration; and we ſhould be wanting to Ourſelves, as well as Our Conſtituents, ſhould We on Our Parts loſe any Opportunity of improving or maintaining the ſame: We ſhall at all Times endeavour to diſcharge Ourſelves with Duty and Loyalty to His Majeſty, Affection and all due Reſpect to Your Honour, and Fidelity to Our Proprietor.

It is a Bleſſing greatly to be valued, that there are not any Diſcontents or Miſunderſtandings remaining

remaining amongſt Us that We know of: If any appear, We ſhall believe it to be Our particular Duty to do every Thing in Our Power, entirely to extinguiſh the ſame, for the publick Peace and Tranquility, and for the Preſervation of that Happineſs and Satisfaction We now enjoy.

Whatever Buſineſs appears neceſſary to be done this Seſſions, We ſhall chearfully and unanimouſly apply Ourſelves to, with the utmoſt Care and Aſſiduity to compleat the ſame; and hope there is ſo juſt an Inclination in every One of Us to promote the Intereſt of Our Country, as will not fail of producing a perfect Unanimity and Diſpatch: And we have the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances that Your Honour will concur with Us in every Thing that ſhall appear to be for the Real Good of the People whom We repreſent.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,

H. BROOKE, Speaker.

The GOVERNOR's *ANSWER.*

GENTLEMEN,

I Thank You for this affectionate Addreſs; and You may be aſſured, I will on all Occaſions endeavour to improve that good Opinion You expreſs of My Conduct, by promoting, to the utmoſt of My Power, the Peace and Proſperity of theſe Counties.

The SPEECH of His Excellency Jonathan Belcher, *Eſq; Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over His Majeſty's Province of the* Maſſachuſetts Bay *in* New-England; *To the General Aſſembly of the ſaid Province, at* Cambridge, Octob. 2. 1730.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Houſe of Repreſentatives,

YOU having now been upon a Conference of both Houſes, on the Subject matter of the Vote for my Support in the Government; and as I apprehended my ſelf no Party in this Diſpute, I have ſaid nothing in the Courſe of it, becauſe I would not in any meaſure abridge you of that Freedom of Debate with which you ought to proceed; yet I would take this Opportunity of giving you all the Light and Information I can, in an Affair that ſo nearly affects His Majeſty's Honour, the Trade of *Great Britain*, and the Proſperity of this Country: And had there been no Conference agreed upon, I ſhould have taken a ſpecial Occaſion to ſpeak to you on this Subject.

Gentlemen, Upon the firſt Sight I had of the Vote of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, in Anſwer to His Majeſty's Inſtruction for fixing a Salary on me and my Succeſſors, and of the Meſſage to the Council which accompanied it, I did in Duty to the King my Maſter, and in Fidelity to this Province, order the Secretary to ſummon every Gentleman of his Majeſty's Council to attend his Duty in the preſent Seſſion of the General Court, hoping from the conſtant Loyalty they have not only profeſs'd but practiced to his Majeſty, they would be led into ſuch Reſolutions as might give the whole General Court a juſt Senſe of the Weight of his Majeſty's Royal Inſtruction, and ſo put an End to the long Struggle and Contention in this Affair; And altho' they are not come up to the full Terms of His Majeſty's juſt Expectation, yet it is with much ſatisfaction that I obſerve the dutiful Inclination of the King's Council, to do what they would hope may be acceptable to his Majeſty, in Anſwer to what he has ſo long and ſo often required of this Government.

But, Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, How am I at once damp'd in the Pleaſure I had conceived from the Part His Majeſty's Council have ſo faithfully acted to their King and Country, by your going on in the Way you have been in, and ſo doing nothing that ſhall look like a decent Reſpect to his Majeſty. As I am reſolved to diſcharge the Truſt the King has repoſed in me with all poſſible Fidelity to him, ſo my Love to my native Country will not ſuffer me to be leſs juſt and faithful to this People. I muſt tell you then, That it is with the greateſt Surprize and Concern to me, that you ſeem willing at preſent to run the Hazard of the fatal Conſequences, which your Proceedings (in my Opinion) will certainly produce, and which you and your Poſterity may groan under when it may be too late to find Redreſs.

Notwithſtanding what I ſaid to you in the opening of this Seſſion, and laying before you his Majeſty's Inſtruction, I am ſorry to find my ſelf ſtill obliged to uſe Arguments to perſuade you to your Duty, and to what tends ſo much to your own Peace and Advantage. And there I would firſt of all repeat to you, that it requires the greateſt Maſter of Reaſon and Rhetoric to diſplay in proper Colours the Lenity, the Clemency and the great Goodneſs of his Majeſty to this Province; and while he ſtill cloaths himhimſelf with Kindneſs and Patience, Why will you riſque his Diſpleaſure? One Paragraph of the Propoſal in the Inſtruction you will find to be thus, 'That His Majeſty will 'find himſelf under a neceſſity of laying the undutiful Be-'haviour of this Province before the Legiſlature of *Great* '*Britain*, not only in this ſingle Inſtance, but in many o-'thers likewiſe of the ſame Nature and Tendency, where-'by it manifeſtly appears, that their Aſſembly for ſome 'Years laſt paſt, have attempted by unwarrantable Practices, 'to weaken if not entirely to caſt off the Obedience they 'owe to the Crown, and the Dependance which all Colo-'nies ought to have on their Mother Country.' — Again, What ſays the King in the cloſe of this Inſtruction, 'That 'they do forthwith comply with this Propoſal, as the laſt 'Signification of our Royal Pleaſure to them upon this 'Subject: But if the ſaid Aſſembly ſhall not think fit to 'comply therewith, It is Our Will and Pleaſure, and 'you are hereby required immediately to come over to this 'Our Kingdom of *Great Britain*, in order to give Us an 'exact Account of all that ſhall have paſſed upon this 'ſubject, that We may lay the ſame before Our Parliament.' Why will you not accept His Royal Word as a Warning to avoid the Miſchiefs He is unwilling you ſhould bring upon your ſelves? Every Gentleman that will allow himſelf to think, muſt be ſenſible, that the Broils you have been in with your Governours for more than ten Years paſt, have turned out to the great Loſs and Diſadvantage of the good People of this Province. I would refer you to the Diſpute you had with your Governor in the Year 1723, Upon which you will find the Right Honourable the Lords of Trade reported to the Lords Juſtices of the Kingdom thus; 'Upon this Occaſion we think it our Duty to in-'form Your Excellencies, That the Inhabitants of the '*Maſſachuſetts Bay*, which contains much the greateſt Part of '*New-England*, are incorporated by the Royal Charter of 'their late Majeſties King *William* and Queen *Mary*, and 'are poſſeſs'd of a vaſt Tract of Land; their Government 'conſiſts of a Governor, Council and Aſſembly, but the 'Governor only is appointed by his Majeſty without any 'Salary but ſuch as the People are pleaſed to give him, 'and that from Year to Year: The Aſſembly conſiſting 'of Ninety eight are choſen by the People, and the Coun-'cil conſiſting of Twenty eight are choſen by the Aſſem-'bly; from ſo unequal a Ballance in their Conſtitution 'daily Inconveniencies occur. And Your Excellencies 'may perceive by the many Facts mentioned in this Re-'port, That the Inhabitants far from making ſuitable 'Returns to his Majeſty for the extraordinary Privileges 'they enjoy, are daily endeavouring to wreſt the ſmall 'Remains of Power out of the Hands of the Crown, and 'to become independent of their Mother Kingdom. The 'Nature of their Soil and Product are much the ſame with 'thoſe of Great Britain; The Inhabitants are numerous, 'upwards of Ninety-four Thouſand; their Militia conſiſts 'of Sixteen Regiments of Foot, and Fifteen Troops of 'Horſe, making in the Year 1718, Fifteen Thouſand Men. 'And by a Medium taken from the Naval Officers Account 'for 3 Years from the 24th of June, 1714, to the 24th 'of June 1717, for the Ports of *Boſton* and *Salem* only, 'it appears that the Trade of this Province annually em-'ploys no leſs than 3493 Sailors, and 492 Ships, making '25406 Tons. Hence Your Excellencies will be appriſed 'of what Importance it is to his Majeſty's Service, that ſo

'powerful

'powerful a Colony ſhould be reſtrained within the due 'Bounds of Obedience to the Crown, and be more firmly 'attached to the Intereſt of *Great Britain*, than they at pre-'ſent ſeem to be; which we conceive can not effectually 'be done without the Interpoſition of the Britiſh Legiſ-'lature, wherein in our humble Opinion no Time ſhould 'be loſt.

And I muſt deſire you duly to conſider the Letter wrote you the 24th of *October* laſt by Mr. *Wilks*, and my Self, and his Letter of the 21ſt of *May* following. Pray *Gentlemen*, give yourſelves Liberty to reflect and examine what you have gained (beſides the vaſt Charge you have been put to) by the Diſputes you have had with the Crown; I ſuppoſe on a modeſt Computation (all things being brought to Accompt) the Expence has been more than *Fifty Thouſand Pounds:* The King's Governor, who uſed to be content with 1200 l. (though you then thought it too much) you now earneſtly deſire to accept of 3000 l. And the Innovations you have made on the Royal Charter in your Supplies of the Treaſury, the King will no longer ſuffer, being ſo derogatory to his Royal Prerogative, and ſo contrary to the legal Conſtitution of this Government.

Gentlemen, I muſt tell you again, That I had the Honour of being often with his Majeſty's Miniſters, and attended very diligently at all the publick Offices through which the Affair now before you has paſſed; And I do aſſure you from the beſt Information, and from the moſt critical Obſervation I could make, nothing had prevented a Parliamentary Proceeding againſt you the laſt Winter, but the King's being willing to give you one more Opportunity to ſhew your Duty and Gratitude by doing what is ſo juſt and reaſonable: I muſt alſo tell you, I have the ſtrongeſt Reaſon to fear you have ſo few Friends among the King's Miniſters, or in either Houſe of Parliament, as that a Proceeding in a Way the King ſays your final Non-compliance muſt bring it to, will bring into the utmoſt Hazard every Thing that is dear to the good People of this Country.

That you may not be amuſed or frighted with groundleſs Surmizes and Inſinuations, I think it proper to declare to you, That I have no Inſtruction from his Majeſty for demanding from you any Support to his Lieutenant Governor, Secretary, or any other Officer (his Governor excepted) than what has been in your uſual Way.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

You have from Time to Time ſeemed to give the moſt ſolemn Aſſurances for yourſelves, and to declare your firm Belief, That ſucceeding Aſſemblies will, with the utmoſt Cheerfulneſs afford an honourable and ample Support to his Majeſty's Governor: If then you truly and *Bona Fide* deſign always to do as you ſay, and ſincerely deſire that all ſucceeding Aſſemblies ſhould do the ſame, Why will you not ſet yourſelves right with the King, by doing the Matter in the Manner he requires? For I do aſſure you, That the Offer you make me, is not the leaſt Temptation to me, to deviate from the King's Royal Inſtruction.

I have deſcended into many Particulars, that you may not be deluded by falſe Hopes, or be deceived, or deceive yourſelves; and alſo from a Dependance that you will inſert what I have here ſaid in your printed Journals, that it may give Light, and be of Service to this whole Province. It will alſo be a Piece of Juſtice to this People that you print the two Letters which I have herein referred to.

Upon the whole, I demand it of you, as you would convince the King of the Duty and Loyalty you ſo much profeſs to him, and as you would approve your Love and Care for your Country, to give all I have ſaid ſuch a Conſideration as may prevent my executing that Part of the King's Orders, wherein he commands me immediately to repair to the Court of *Great Britain*.

Gentlemen of the Council and Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I do aſſure you from the Bottom of my Heart, and from the ardent Affection which I bear to my native Country, that I ſhall eſteem it the happieſt Article of my Life, to be the Inſtrument of fixing you in the Favour and good Opinion of his Majeſty, his Miniſters and his Parliament. And how happy ſhould we be, if there might be no Parties or Contentions among us for the future, but who ſhall approve themſelves the beſt Patriots, by their ſteady Loyalty and Obedience to the King, as well as by their juſt and prudent Care of the Liberties and Properties of this People. *J. BELCHER.*

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

BERLIN, July 22.

WE learn from New Market and Wandalia in Brandenburg, that the Locuſts make an inexpreſſible Havock thereabout: They come by Millions in 4 or 5 Bodies, devouring in one Night's Time all the Corn, and even enter the Houſes, which they go all over, and it is not poſſible to deſtroy them; for though they beat them down by Millions, it does not appear that their Number is diminiſhed: They have paſſed the River Oder, and are come within 3 Leagues of Wuſterhauſen, the King's hunting Seat, but it is hoped the heavy Rains which have fallen for ſome Days paſt will deſtroy thoſe Inſects: The Deſolation among the Peaſants is inexpreſſible, ſeeing themſelves fruſtrated of the fineſt Harveſt they could hope for, in 24 Hours time.

RATISBON, July 24 A Remonſtrance having been made in Writing by the Evangelick Body to the Elector Palatine, concerning ſome Proteſtant Children, from four to ten Years old, having been forced away from their Parents, in order to be brought up in the Roman Catholick Religion, to the End that they may be reſtored to their Parents; the Saxon Envoy here has cauſed the ſaid Writing to be printed and publiſhed, but, as no Anſwer has been yet given by his Electoral Highneſs or the Archbiſhop of Saltzburg, in whoſe Juriſdiction theſe Children are, it is plain that no Redreſs is intended; in the mean Time the Animoſities occaſioned by this Proceeding increaſe every Day.

LONDON, Aug. 4. Sir Alexander Cummings, Bart. (*mentioned in this Gazette* No. 85. pag 3. Col. 3.) The Gentleman who brought over the Indian Chiefs from the Cherokee Nation, is now employed in drawing up a new Scheme to be laid before Sir Robert Walpole and the Board of Trade, whereby the Trade, Riches and Power of the Britiſh Nation, and of all his Majeſty's Dominions may be increaſed, the Debts of the Nation paid, and an unexhauſtible Fund eſtabliſhed for Support of the Government in caſe of an unavoidable War. And he propoſes to demonſtrate the Practicability of this Method without having any additional Tax laid on the Subject, or putting the Nation to any Charge, by requiring only proper Powers for eſtabliſhing a Company of ſuch Perſons as will voluntarily make up the Sum of 1000000 l. to be lent out on good Securities throughout his Majeſty's American Plantations at the legal Intereſt of 10 per Cent.

Aug. 12. Next Week one of the Indian Princes or Generals is actually to be married to Miſs Buſch, a young Lady of French Extraction, who hath reſided ſome Years in this Kingdom.

DUBLIN, July 25. A Merchant in Town having lately imported ſome Wheat from Sicily, ſowed a Buſhel and a Half of it in an Acre and a Quarter, Plantation Meaſure, at the Green Hills near this City, being adviſed by a Gentleman who knew the Nature of it, to ſow no more, the Growth and Increaſe of which is ſurprizing; the Farmers come from all Parts of the Country to ſee it, and it is guarded Day and Night by ſeveral Men, leſt it ſhould be ſtole: Out of each Grain ſprings up 11 or 12 Stalks, and each Stalk produces 7 or 8 Heads, which all ſpread out at the Top as a Woman's Fan when open: At a moderate Computation the Buſhel and Half will produce upwards of 40 Barrels. The Gentleman who imported it, has received 6 l. Sterling per Barrel, for every Barrel, for Seed.

BOSTON, Octob. 15. The Pictures of their Majeſties King *George* II. and Queen *Caroline*, beautifully drawn at length, are put up in the Council Chamber in this Town, and according to the Inſcription at the Bottom of them, they are the Gift of his Majeſty, to this his Province of the *Maſſachuſets-Bay*, at the Deſire of his Excellency *Jonathan Belcher*, Eſq; Governor of *New-England*.

NEW-YORK, Octob. 26. A Sloop arrived here laſt Week from *Bermuda*, brings News that a *Spaniſh* Man of War of 50 Guns, bound from *Porto Bello* to the *Havana*, is caſt away near Point *Pedro* on the Iſland of *Jamaica*, and that ſhe had near a Million of Pieces of Eight on Board; that 2 other *Spaniſh* Men of War were in Company when ſhe was loſt; that a Sloop with 100 Men was fitting out at *Bermuda* to go upon the Wreck.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Octob. 26. *Inward Entries.*

Barker from N. Carolina, Smith from So. Carolina, Clark from Philadelphia, Fraſer from Amboy, Burrows from Bermuda. *Outward Entries*, Teneyck for Curacoa, Young for Jamaica,

Jamaica, Judkin for St. Thomas, Skinner for Barbadoes, Waterman for Rh. Iſland, Hicks for Bolton. *Cleared*, Bloom to Amboy, Waterman to Rh. Iſland.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 29.

We have the following Account of the Veſſels that were in the Port of *Charlſtown*, *South Carolina*. at the Time of the Hurricane, the 27th of *Auguſt* laſt.

Ship Union, *William Burfiſh*, for *London*, laden with Pitch and Rice, went aſhore near *Rheat Bridge*: *Got off*, *Goods not damaged*. Ship Adventure, *Stewart Powel*, of *London*, 150 Barrels of Tar on Board, went aſhore near *Half Moon*: *Loſt*, *but Tar ſaved*. Ship Joſeph and Iſaac, *Valentine Burden*, of *London*, laden with Tar, went aſhore near *New Market*: *Loſt*, *but Tar ſaved*. Brigt. Katharine & Elizabeth, *Samuel Farra*, of *Philadelphia*, went aſhore ſouth of *Granville's Baſtion*: *Got off*. Brigt. Groton, *Samuel Waterhouſe*, of *Boſton*, went aſhore on Marſh, *Aſhley* Ferry: *Got off*. Sloop Two Siſters, *William Gibbs*, of *Bermudas*, went aſhore near *New-Market*: *Got off*. Sloop Endeavour, *Samuel Parſons*, of *Antigua*, bound to *Holland*, having on board 105 Barrels of Rice, went aſhore near *Eliots* Bridge: *Loſt*, *both Veſſel and Cargo*. Scooner Manatee, *Samuel Fox*, of *Bahama*, went aſhore on Marſh, *Wappoo Creek*: *Got off*. The following rode out the Storm, *viz.* Three Men of War. Ship ----- Capt. *Henning*, for *London*, *cut away her Maſts*. Ship Sarah, *Henry Baſſet*, for *London*; *cut away her Fore and Main Maſt*. Ship Sea Nymph, *Richard Forſter*, of *London*, rode ſafe about 8 miles up *Cooper* River; *Maſts ſtanding*. Sloop Albany, *Mindert Wimple*, of *Boſton*, rode ſafe about 2 miles up *Aſhley* River, *Maſt ſtanding*. Sloop ----- of *Bermudas*; *cut away her Maſt*. Of thoſe drove aſhore, the Joſeph and Iſaac, the Two Siſters, and the Endeavour cut away their Maſts, and the Manatee loſt her Mainmaſt.

Thurſday laſt, one James Car fell from the Top of a Load of Hay, and pitching on the back of his Head was ſo bruiſed as that he died the next Day,

Laſt Thurſday Evening there was ſeen throughout this Province in the N. Eaſt, a very bright Appearance of the *Aurora Borealis*, or Northern Twilight. It ſeems this kind of Meteor never appears near the Equator, and has therefore obtained the above Name. In 1716, March 6. there was one viſible to the Weſt of *Ireland*, Confines of *Ruſſia*, and to the Eaſt of *Poland*; extending at leaſt near 30 deg. of Longitude, and 50 deg. in Latitude, that is, over almoſt all the North of *Europe*; it continued three Nights ſucceſſively, and in all Places at the ſame time it exhibited the like wondrous Circumſtances. In the Years 1707 and 1708, five ſmall ones were obſerv'd in little more than eighteen Months. But a ſufficient Number of Obſervations have not yet been made by the Curious, to enable them to aſſign the Cauſe of this Phænomenon with any Certainty.

Sunday Night laſt the Houſe of William Fiſhbourn, Eſq; late one of the Truſtees of the Loan Office, was broke open; and 'tis ſaid that near 2000 l. of the Publick Money is miſſing, which was to have been delivered to the new Truſtees the next day.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.

Sloop Speedwell, John Painter, from New-York.
----- Pelican, Nathan Coffin, from Newport.
----- Elizabeth and Ann, Richard Wheldon, from Boſton.

Entred outwards.

Brigt. Philadelphia Hope, Geo. Spafford, for Barbadoes.
Sloop George, Joſeph Evans, for Barbadoes.
----- Pelican, Nathan Coffin, for Newport.
----- Dove, David Walker, for Amboy.

Cleared out.

Brigt. Penſilvania Hope, Andrew Norwood, to Jamaica.
Sloop Advantage, John Todd, to Barbadoes.
----- Frances, B. Butterfield, to Bermuda.
----- Catherine and Ann, Duncan Murray, to Maryland.

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week paſt.

Church	1.	Baptiſts	1.
Quakers	2.	Strangers: Whites	3.
Presbyterians	0.	Strangers: Blacks	0.

Advertiſements.

Philad. ſſ. THESE are to give Notice, that on the firſt *Tueſdays* in the Months of *March*, *May*, *July*, *September*, *November* and *January* in every Year, the Truſtees of the General Loan-Office of *Pennſylvania*, will attend at the Houſe of *Andrew Hamilton*, in *Philadelphia*, for receiving the Sums to be paid in on the 15000 *l.* Act, on the firſt 30000 *l.* Act, and on the Re-emitting Act; and for emitting the Sums to be lent out again on the ſaid Re-emitting Act. And to accomodate the Country-men who cannot with Conveniency pay their Moneys at the Day upon the laſt 30000 l. Act, they will give their Attendance to receive the Quota's on the firſt Wedneſday in every Month at the Place aforeſaid.

A. Hamilton.

Octob. 20. 1730.

To be SOLD,

BY *Joſeph Burleigh*, A Plantation containing Two Hundred and odd Acres, ſituate upon *Stoney-Brook*, in the Eaſtern Diviſion of *New-Jerſey*, bounded upon *Benjamin Clark*, *Sarah Worth*, and *Edmund Bainbridge*. There is on the ſaid Plantation a very good Stone Houſe, a good new Barn, Stables and Barracks, with a good Orchard and the Fencing very good, being moſtly new Poſts and Rails; It lies conveniently betwixt two Markets, *viz.* *Philadelphia* and *New-York*, twenty ſmall miles from *Brunſwick*, and ten from *Trentown*. It is fit for either Stock or Grain, having near fifty Acres of very good intervale Meadows, which is moſt of it ploughable and brings extraordinary good Engliſh Hay, of which I have cut near eighty Load in one Year, and the Remainder runs all over with Clover Graſs. There is alſo 100 Acres of Plough-Upland in very good Order. It is alſo well water'd and timber'd, with many other Conveniencies not here mentioned; it is but one mile from a Mill, and one mile from a Meeting-houſe. Whoever has a mind to buy the ſaid Plantation, may agree with the ſaid *Joſeph Burleigh* the Owner, living on the ſaid Place, on very reaſonable Terms. *October* 5. 1730.

RUN away on the 1ſt of this Inſtant from *Samuel Bunting* of *Bucks* County near *Joſeph Kirkbride's*, a Servant Man named *John Taſt*, of a middle Stature, ſhort red Hair, about 35 Years of Age, a wry Neck, freckled Face, and a Weaver by Trade: He took with him two Suits of Cloaths, one a dark brown Serge, Buttons of the ſame, and a ſtrip'd Holland Jacket: The other a Home-ſpun brown cloth Coat with large braſs Buttons, and a ſtrip'd Linſey-woolſey Jacket with pewter Buttons, Leather Breeches, grey yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Hat. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant and brings him to his aboveſaid Maſter, or to *Iſrael Pemberton* in *Philadelphia*, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward and reaſonable Charges.

AT the Plantation of *John Morgan* in *Radnor* Townſhip, *Cheſter* County, has been for theſe two Years paſt, a ſtray cheſnut ſorrel Mare, with a bald Face, and two halfpennies under the far Ear. The true Owner, paying the Charges, may have her again with her Encreaſe.

Juſt Publiſhed,

GODFREY's ALMANACKS for the Year 1731. Done on a large Sheet of Demi Paper, after the *London* manner. Containing the Eclipſes, Lunations, Judgment of the Weather, the Time of the Sun's Riſing and Setting, Moon's Riſing and Setting, Seven Stars Riſing, Southing and Setting, Time of High-water, Fairs, Courts, and Obſervable Days. With ſeveral other Things uſeful and curious. Printed and ſold at the New-Printing-Office near the Market.

Juſt Publiſhed:

JERMAN's ALMANACKS for the Year 1731. Containing, beſide what is uſual, a correct Table of Houſes for the Latitude of Forty Degrees, which has been much deſired by the Ingenious. Printed and Sold at the New Printing-Office near the Market.

Juſt Publiſhed:

THE VOTES of the firſt Seſſion of the preſent Aſſembly. Price 4 d. Printed and ſold at the New Printing-Office near the Market.

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